

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{27}-\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{12}}-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

Den ersten Summanden versuche ich vor dem Quadrieren zu vereinfachen:

übrigens: $\sqrt{27} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 3} = 3\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 2} = 2\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\sqrt{27}-\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{12}}-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 &= \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}}-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{3 \cdot 3 - 2\sqrt{6}}{2 \cdot 3} - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{9-2\sqrt{6}}{6} - \frac{9}{6}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{6}{9} \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Der zweite Summand ist eine 3. binomische Formel:

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}^2 - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Damit ergibt sich:

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{27}-\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{12}}-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{2}{3} - \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$